



To Customer: _____

Realtime Clock Module

INS5T8563

Datasheet

Document Version 1.2

Released on April 8th, 2024

Ordering Information

| Manufacture Part Number | Product Name | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| INS5T8563-7CEZ000N00MA | INS5T8563 | -40°C~85°C, External 32K Crystal, SOP8 |
| INS5T8563-7CEZ000N00LA | INS5T8563 | -40°C~85°C, External 32K Crystal, TSSOP8 |
| | | |

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Revision History

| Version | Change Contents | Prepared by | Revised Date |
|---------|---|-------------|--------------|
| V1.0 | First Issued | LIN Jianhua | 2023.10.09 |
| V1.1 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct Day and Week Register address in table14. 0x05=DAY, 0x06=WEEK 2. Correct Table24.Offect_Cfg offset value in ppm. | LIN Jianhua | 2024.01.17 |
| V1.2 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Chapter3, add RoHS2.0 & REACH compliant 2. Chapter 6.2.3, add TI_TP description 3. Chapter 6.2.5, update recommended setting steps of timer config for customer 4. Chapter 6.2.5, update TD table | LIN Jianhua | 2024.04.08 |



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1 Overview

INS5T8563 is an I²C bus interface real-time clock with low power consumption. It supports calendar (Century, year, month, day, hour, minute, second), timer and alarm function. The SOP8/TSSOP8 package makes it suitable to be used in portable electronic devices.

2 Block Diagram

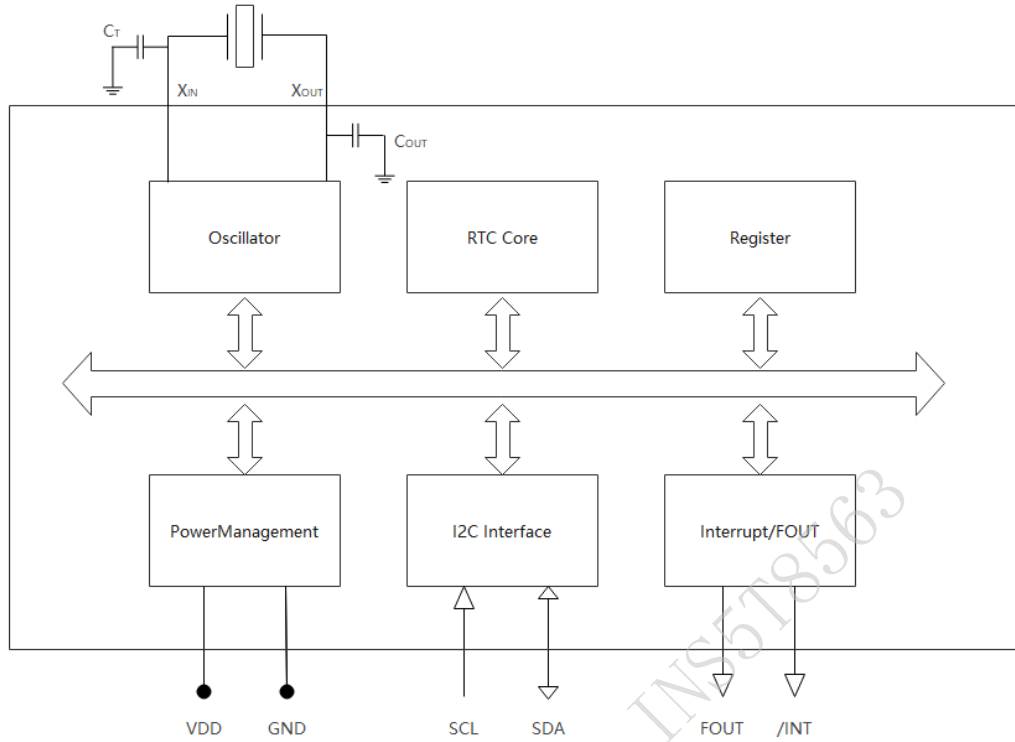


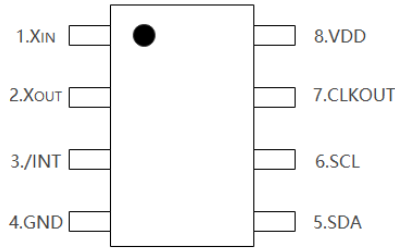
Figure 1. Block Diagram

3 Features

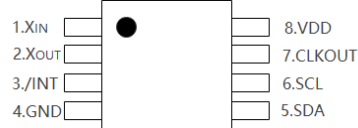
- Low Current Consumption: 0.9uA (Typ.)
- Communication Interface: I²C bus
- Alarm, Timer and Interruption
- Frequency Output
- External 32K crystal
- RoHS2.0 & REACH compliant
- Integrated Oscillator Capacitors
- Power Supply Voltage: 1.2V ~ 5.5V
- Leap Years Autocorrection
- Operation Temperature Range: -40°C ~ +85°C
- Package: 4.9 * 6.0 * 1.6mm (SOP8)
- Package: 3.0 * 4.9 * 1.1mm (TSSOP8)



4 Pin Definition



SOP8 PIN CONFIG



TSSOP8 PIN CONFIG

Table1. Pin Definition

| Pin Number | Pin Name | I/O | Description |
|------------|------------------|--------|--|
| 1 | X _{IN} | | Oscillator Input, must connect an 8pf~25pf capacitor for trimming. |
| 2 | X _{OUT} | | Oscillator Output. |
| 3 | /INT | Out | Alarm、 Timer Output. (Open-Drain). |
| 4 | GND | - | Ground |
| 5 | SDA | In/Out | I2C data signal |
| 6 | SCL | In | I2C clock signal |
| 7 | CLKOUT | Out | Frequency Output. (Open-Drain). |
| 8 | V _{DD} | - | Power in |



5 Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Notes |
|----------------------|------------------|---------|------|------|------|---------------------------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | -0.3 | | 6.5 | V | |
| I/O Input Voltage | V _{IN} | GND-0.3 | | 6.5 | V | SCL, SDA Input |
| Clock Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | GND-0.3 | | 6.5 | V | SDA, /INT Output, FOUT |
| Storage Temperature | T _{STG} | -55 | | 125 | °C | |

5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table3. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Notes |
|--|------------------|-------|------|------|------|-----------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Power Supply Voltage (normal mode) | V _{DD} | 1.6 | 3.0 | 5.5 | V | Note1,2,3 |
| Power Supply Voltage (Time keeping) | V _{DD} | 1.2 | 3.0 | 5.5 | V | |
| Operation Temperature | T _{OPR} | -40 | 25 | 85 | °C | |

Note:

- 1: V_{DD} need to be supplied with more than 2.5V at least for the oscillator to work until stabilization.
- 2: A capacitor(8pf~25pf) need to be connected between X_{IN} and GND.
- 3: Ensure that the time of supply from 0 to V_{DD} is less than 100ms.

5.3 Oscillator Characteristics

Table4. Oscillator Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Notes |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|------|------|------|---|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | |
| Oscillator | | | | | | |
| X _{out} Capacitor | C _{OUT} | 15 | 25 | 35 | pF | |
| External Crystal(32.768KHz) | | | | | | |
| Series Resistance | R _S | | | 100 | kΩ | |
| Capacitor Trim | C _T | 8 | | 25 | pF | |
| Load Capacitance | C _L | 7 | | 12.5 | pF | $C_L = \frac{C_T * C_{OUT}}{C_T + C_{OUT}}$ |
| FOUT Duty cycle | t _w /t | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | FOUT |



5.4 DC Characteristics

Table5. DC Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Notes | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|--|---|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | | | |
| Average Current1 | I _{DD1} | | 1.0 | 3.0 | uA | V _{DD} =5.0V | f _{SCL} = 0 Hz, /INT = OFF, FOUT = OFF, SDA="L", SCL="L" |
| Average Current2 | I _{DD2} | | 0.9 | 2.8 | | V _{DD} =3.0V | |
| Average Current3 | I _{DD3} | | 1.9 | 3.8 | | V _{DD} =5.0V | FOUT = 32.768KHz (CL=15PF), /INT=OFF , SDA="L", SCL="L" |
| Average Current4 | I _{DD4} | | 1.7 | 3.5 | | V _{DD} =3.0V | |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH} | 0.8*V _{DD} | | 5.5 | V | SCL, SDA | |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{IL} | GND | | 0.2*V _{DD} | V | | |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL1} | GND | | GND+0.25 | V | V _{DD} =5V, IOL=1mA | /INT |
| | V _{OL2} | GND | | GND+0.4 | | V _{DD} =3V, IOL=1mA | |
| | V _{OL3} | GND | | GND+0.5 | | V _{DD} =5V, IOL=1mA | FOUT |
| | V _{OL4} | GND | | GND+0.3 | | V _{DD} =3V, IOL=0.5mA | |
| Input Leak Current | I _{LK} | -0.1 | | 0.1 | uA | SDA, SCL, V _{IN} = V _{DD} or GND | |
| Output Leak Current | I _{OZ} | -0.1 | | 0.1 | uA | SDA, V _{IN} = V _{DD} or GND | |

5.5 AC Characteristics

Table6. AC Characteristics

V_{DD}=1.6V ~ 5.5V; Ta=-40°C ~ +85°C

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-------|------|------|------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| SCL clock frequency | f _{SCL} | | | 400 | kHz |
| SCL Low Voltage Time | t _{LOW} | 1.3 | | | us |
| SCL How Voltage Time | t _{HIGH} | 0.6 | | | us |
| Start condition hold time | t _{HD, STA} | 0.6 | | | us |
| Start condition setup time | t _{SU, STA} | 0.6 | | | us |
| Stop condition setup time | t _{SU, STO} | 0.6 | | | us |



| Parameter | Symbol | Value | | | Unit |
|--|---------------|-------|------|------|------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| Bus idle time between start condition and stop condition | t_{RCV} | 1.3 | | | us |
| Data setup time | $t_{SU, DAT}$ | 100 | | | ns |
| Data hold time | $t_{HD, DAT}$ | 0 | | | ns |
| SCL, SDA rising time | t_r | | | 0.3 | us |
| SCL, SDA falling time | t_f | | | 0.3 | us |

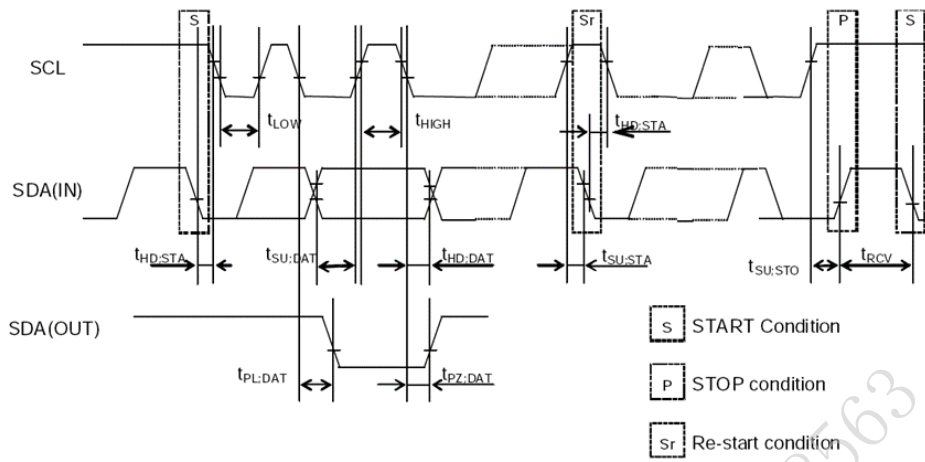


Figure 2. I²C bus Timing Chart

Note: When the master device gets access to this slave device through I2C, the whole operation duration should be less than 1s, otherwise it will be reset by the I2C bus through the internal bus overtime function.



6 Registers

6.1 Register Lists

Address 0x00~0x01: Control and Flag Registers Group

Address 0x02~0x08: Time Register Group

Address 0x09~0x0C: Alarm Register Group

Address 0x0D: CLKOUT Control Register

Address 0x0E~0x0F: Timer Register Group

Address 0x11: Offset Register

Table7. Basic Time and Calendar Registers

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | R/W |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|------|-----|
| 0x00 | Control Register_1 | EXT_TEST | ○ | STOP | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | R/W |
| 0x01 | Control Register_2 | ○ | ○ | ○ | TI_TP | AF | TF | AIE | TIE | R/W |
| 0x02 | SEC | VLF | BCD code, Second tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Second ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x03 | MIN | ○ | BCD code, Minute tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Minute ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x04 | HOUR | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Hour tens place, 0-2 | | BCD code, Hour ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x05 | DAY | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Day tens place, 0-3 | | BCD code, Day ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x06 | WEEK | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Week ones place, 0-6 | | | R/W |
| 0x07 | MONTH | Century | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Month tens place, 0-1 | BCD code, Month ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x08 | YEAR | BCD code, Year tens place, 0-9 | | | | BCD code, Year ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x09 | MIN Alarm | AE | BCD code, Minute tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Minute ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x0a | HOUR Alarm | AE | ○ | BCD code, Hour tens place, 0-2 | | BCD code, Hour ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x0b | DAY Alarm | AE | ○ | BCD code, Day tens place, 0-3 | | BCD code, Day ones place, 0-9 | | | | R/W |
| 0x0c | WEEK Alarm | AE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Week ones place, 0-6 | | | R/W |
| 0x0d | CLKOUT_Control Register | FE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | FD[1:0] | | R/W |
| 0x0e | Timer_Control Register | TE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | TD[1:0] | | R/W |
| 0x0f | Timer Counter | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | R/W |
| 0x11 | Offset Control | MODE | OFFSET_CFG[6:0] | | | | | | | R/W |



Note:

- 1, After power-up reset or in case VLF bit returns “1”, make sure to initialize all registers before using the RTC.
2. The default value of register after power on:
 - Initial 0: AF、TF、AIE、TIE、FD[1:0]、TD[1:0].
 - Initial 1: VLF、AE、FE、TE.
- 3.The bits marked with “○” can be read out “0” after initializing.
- 4.Only 0 can be written to TF、AF and VLF bits.

6.2 Details of Registers

6.2.1 Clock counter registers

Table8. Second、Minute and Hour Registers

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|----------|------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x02 | SEC | VLF | BCD code, Second tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Second ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x80 |
| 0x03 | MIN | ○ | BCD code, Minute tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Minute ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x00 |
| 0x04 | HOUR | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Hour tens place, 0-2 | | 0x00 | | | 0x00 | |

SEC: BCD format, Value: 0~59

MIN: BCD format, Value: 0~59

HOUR: BCD format, Value: 0~23

VLF (Voltage Low Flag): Voltage Low Flag, when voltage is lower than 1.3V ,this bit will be set to”1”, and keep this value until written to “0” by software.

Table9. Day Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|----------|------|------|-------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x05 | DAY | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Day tens place, 0-3 | | BCD code, Day ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x01 |

DAY: BCD format, the value range will be adjusted automatically according to the month setting and if a leap year or not.

Table10. DAY Register Value Range

| Month | Day Value Range |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 | 1~31 |
| 4, 6, 9, 11 | 1~30 |
| February in normal year | 1~28 |
| February in leap year | 1~29 |



Table11. Week Registers

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|--------------------------------|------|------|---------|
| 0x06 | WEEK | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Week ones place, 0-6 | | | 0x00 |

Table12. WEEK Register Value table

| | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|-----------|------|------|------|
| Sunday | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Monday | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Tuesday | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wednesday | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Thursday | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Friday | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Saturday | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Table13. Month and Year Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|----------|--------------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x07 | MONTH | Century | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Month tens place, 0-1 | BCD code, Month ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x01 |
| 0x08 | YEAR | BCD code, Year tens place, 0-9 | | | | BCD code, Year ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x00 |

MONTH: BCD format, Value1~12

YEAR: BCD format, Value01~99(2001~2099)

Century: 0-Century is X, 1-Century is X+1

Example: 2023/01/01 Wednesday 21:18:36

Table14. Example of time setting

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|---------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0x02 | SEC | ○ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0x03 | MIN | ○ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0x04 | HOUR | ○ | ○ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x05 | DAY | ○ | ○ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x06 | WEEK | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0x07 | MONTH | ○ | ○ | ○ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0x08 | YEAR | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

6.2.2 Alarm registers

Table15. Alarm Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|--------------------|------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x01 | Control Register_2 | ○ | ○ | ○ | TI_TP | AF | TF | AIE | TIE | 0x00 |
| 0x09 | MIN Alarm | AE | BCD code, Minute tens place, 0-5 | | | BCD code, Minute ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x80 |
| 0x0a | HOUR Alarm | AE | ○ | BCD code, Hour tens | | BCD code, Hour ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x80 |



| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|------------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|---------|
| | | | | place, 0-2 | | | | | | |
| 0x0b | DAY Alarm | AE | ○ | BCD code, Day tens place, 0-3 | | BCD code, Day ones place, 0-9 | | | | 0x80 |
| 0x0c | WEEK Alarm | AE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | BCD code, Week ones place, 0-6 | | | 0x80 |

Alarm interruption can be generated with the setting of these registers and the cooperation of AIE and AF.

AE (Alarm Enable): Alarm Enable bit, 0-Enable; 1-Disable.

AF function refer to 0x01 register bit3.

AIE function refer to 0x01 register bit1.

6.2.3 Timer registers

Table16. Timer Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|---------|
| 0x01 | Control Register_2 | ○ | ○ | ○ | TI_TP | AF | TF | AIE | TIE | 0x00 |
| 0x0e | Timer_Control Register | TE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | TD[1] | TD[0] | 0x80 |
| 0x0f | Timer Counter | 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0x00 |

Timer interruption can be generated with the setting of these registers and the cooperation of TE、TF 、TIE and TD[1:0].

TI_TP: select interrupt output mode: 1-Pulse output mode, 0- Level output mode.

TE function refer to 0x0e register bit7.

TF function refer to 0x01 register bit2.

TIE function refer to 0x01 register bit0.

TD[1:0] function refer to 0x0e register bit1 and bit0.

6.2.4 CLKOUT control registers

Table17. CLKOUT Control Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|---------|
| 0x0D | CLKOUT_Control Register | FE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | FD[1] | FD[0] | 0x80 |

Used for the CLKOUT Frequency function.

FE (Fout Enable): 0- Disable CLKOUT Frequency function, 1-Enable CLKOUT Frequency function.

FD[1], FD[0] to config the output frequency. Shown as below table:

Table18. FD Table

| FD [1] | FD [0] | CLKOUT Frequency |
|--------|--------|------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 32768Hz Output |
| 0 | 1 | 1024Hz output |
| 1 | 0 | 32Hz output |
| 1 | 1 | 1Hz Output |



6.2.5 Timer control registers

Table19. Timer Control Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|---------|
| 0x0E | Timer_Control Register | TE | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | TD[1] | TD[0] | 0x80 |

Used for the specified functions, including Time Update Interruption.

TE (Timer Enable): 0- Disable Timer Interrupt function, 1-Enable Timer Interrupt function.

TD[1], TD[0]: Timer/Counter Clock configuration bits, just as below table:

Table20. TD Table

| TI_TP | TD [1] | TD [0] | Timer/Counter Clock | Interruption duration Timer Counter = 1 | Interruption duration Timer Counter > 1 |
|-------|--------|--------|---------------------|--|--|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 4096Hz (244.14us) | 1/8192 | 1/4096 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 64Hz (15.625ms) | 1/128 | 1/64 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1Hz (Second) | 1/64 | 1/64 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1/60Hz (Min) | 1/64 | 1/64 |

Recommended steps: (Use timer for the first time / Changing timer counter when timer is active)

- 1) Set TE=0, TF=0, TIE=0
- 2) Set TD[1:0]=b'00, delay 200us
- 3) Write TI_TP according to customer needs
- 4) Write timer counter (Reg0x0F) according to customer needs
- 5) Write timer clock (TD[1:0]) according to customer needs
- 6) Set TE=1, TIE=1

6.2.6 Control register

Table21. Control Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|--------------------|----------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x00 | Control Register_1 | EXT_TEST | ○ | STOP | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | 0x00 |
| 0x01 | Control Register_2 | ○ | ○ | ○ | TI_TP | AF | TF | AIE | TIE | 0x00 |

EXT_TEST: 1:Test Mode, 0: Normal Mode.

STOP: 1: RTC Clock is Stop, 0: RTC Clock is normal.

AF (Alarm Flag): Alarm Flag, when Alarm Interruption generation, this bit will change from “0”to “1”,and keep this value until written to “0” by software;



TF (Timer Flag): Timer Flag, when timer interruption generates, this bit will change from “0”to “1”,and keep this value until written to “0” by software;

AIE (Alarm Interrupt Enable): When AF changes from“0”to“1”, this bit can control if the interruption generates or not. 0-Did not generate (/INT maintain high resistance), 1-generate the interruption (/INT changes from high resistance to low voltage)。

TIE (Timer Interrupt Enable): When TF changes from“0”to“1”, this bit can control if the interruption generates or not. 0-Did not generate (/INT maintain high resistance), 1-generate the interruption (/INT changes from high resistance to low voltage)。

6.2.7 Offset control register

Table22. Offset Control Register

| Address | Function | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 | Default |
|---------|----------------|------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| 0x11 | Offset Control | MODE | OFFSET_CFG[6:0] | | | | | | | 0x00 |

Mode: Offset mode bit. See below table

Offset_cfg [6:0]: For MODE = 0, each LSB introduces an offset of 4.069 ppm. For MODE = 1, each LSB introduces an offset of 4.34 ppm. The offset value is coded in two’s complement giving a range of +63 LSB to -64 LSB. See below table.

Table23. Mode

| Symbol | Value | Description |
|--------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Mode | 0 | Offset is made once every 4 minutes |
| | 1 | Offset is made once every 2 hours |

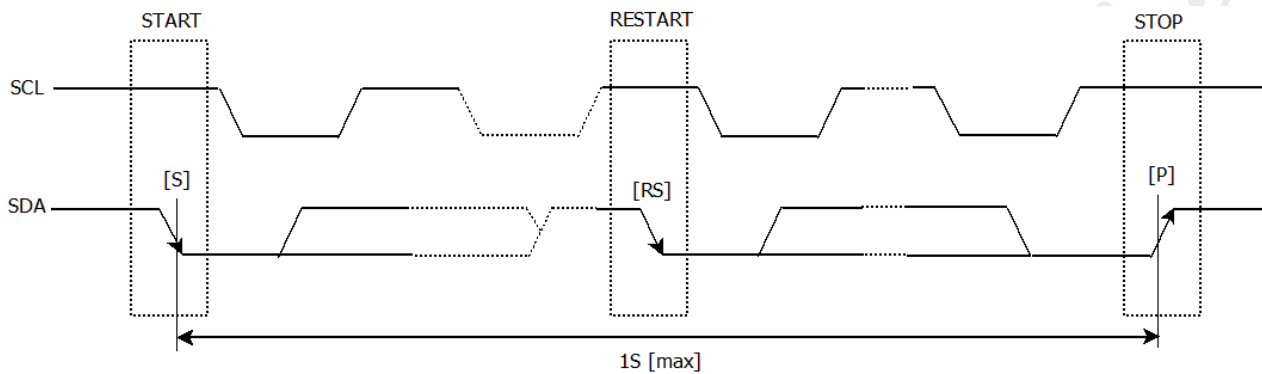
Table24. Offset_Cfg

| Offset_cfg[6:0] | Offset value in decimal | Offset value in ppm | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| | | Mode 0 | Mode 1 |
| 011 1111 | +63 | -256.347 | -273.42 |
| 011 1110 | +62 | -252.278 | -269.080 |
| | | | |
| 000 0010 | +2 | -8.138 | -8.680 |
| 000 0001 | +1 | -4.069 | -4.34 |
| 000 0000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 111 1111 | -1 | +4.069 | +4.34 |



| | | | |
|----------|-------|----------|----------|
| 111 1110 | -2 | +8.138 | +8.680 |
| | | | |
| 100 0001 | -62 | +252.278 | +269.080 |
| 100 0000 | -63 | +256.347 | +273.42 |

7 I²C Bus Interface



I²C bus supports bi-directional communications through a serial clock line SCL and a serial data line SDA. I²C bus device can be defined as “Master” and “Slave”. INS5T8563 can only be used as Slave.

7.1 Cautions

I²C bus includes START, RESTART, STOP conditions, the duration between START and STOP must be less than 1 second just in case the bus to be set to standby mode automatically. If the time is more than 1s, INS5T8563 will reset I²C Interface.

INS5T8563 I²C bus interface supports single byte read/write operations as well as multiple bytes incremental access. After 0xFF address, the next one will be 0x00.

7.2 Slave Address

Table25. I²C Bus Slave Address

| Transfer data | Slave address | | | | | | | R/W |
|---------------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
| A3h (Read) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 (Read) |
| A2h (Write) | | | | | | | | 0 (Write) |

INS5T8563 I²C bus Slave Address is [1010 001*].



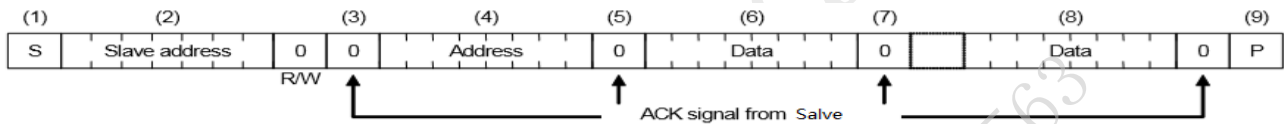
7.3 I²C bus protocol

It is assumed CPU is master and INS5T8563 is slave in this section.

7.3.1 Write process

I²C bus includes an address auto-increment function, once the initial address has been specified, the INS5T8563 increments (+1) the address automatically after each data is sent, then to write next data.

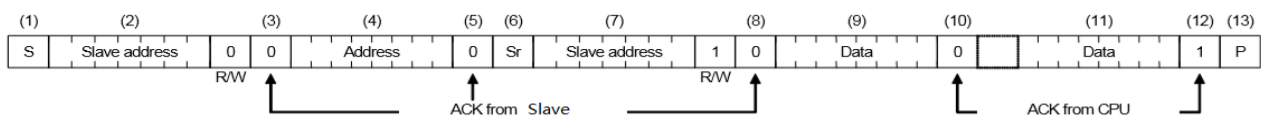
- (1) CPU sends start condition[S]
- (2) CPU sends INS5T8563's slave address with R/W bit to set to write mode
- (3) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (4) CPU sends write address to INS5T8563
- (5) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (6) CPU sends write data to the address specified at step (4)
- (7) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (8) Repeat (6) (7) if multiple bytes need to be written, address will be incremented automatically
- (9) CPU ends stop condition[P]



7.3.2 Read process

Writing the address to be read with write mode firstly, then reading the data with read mode.

- (1) CPU sends start condition[S]
- (2) CPU sends INS5T8563's slave address with R/W bit to set to write mode
- (3) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (4) CPU sends address for reading from INS5T8563
- (5) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (6) CPU sends RESTART condition [Sr]
- (7) CPU sends INS5T8563's slave address with R/W bit to set to read mode
- (8) CPU verifies ACK signal from INS5T8563
- (9) CPU reads data from the specified address in step (4)
- (10) CPU sends ACK signal for "0"
- (11) Repeat (9) (10) if multiple bytes need to be read, address will be incremented automatically
- (12) CPU sends ACK signal for "1"
- (13) CPU sends stop condition[P]





8 Reflow Soldering Curve

Standard: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

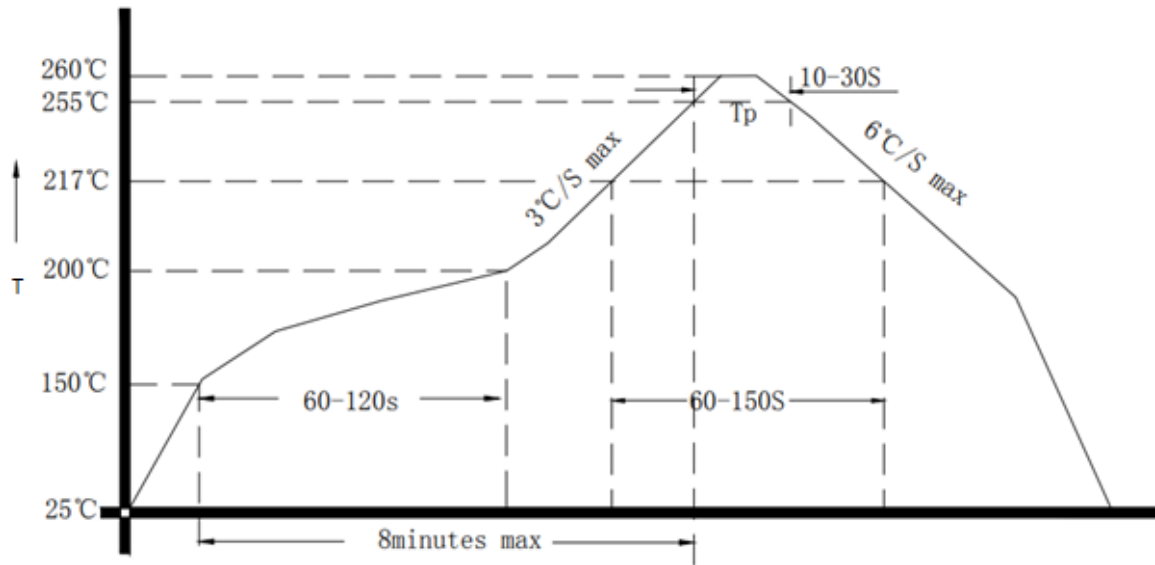
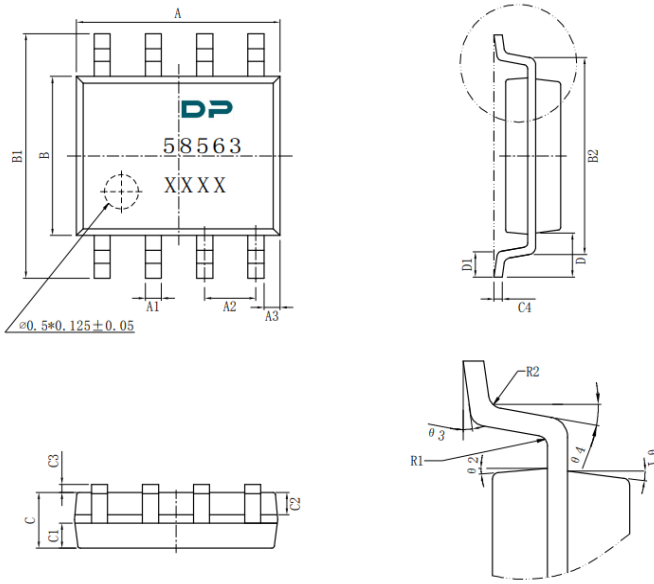


Figure 3. Reflow Soldering Curve

Note: It is suggested to solder IC under the condition shown in the curve above. Must pay attention to the temperature and time when manual soldering, if the temperature over +260°C, or you will make the xo performance bad, even damage it.

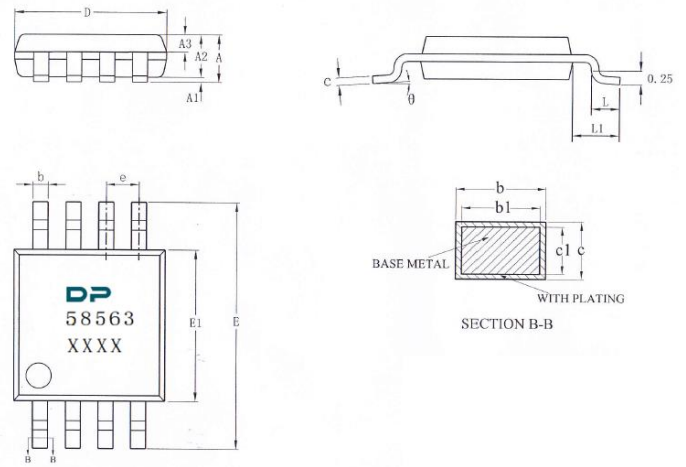


9 Dimensions and Marking



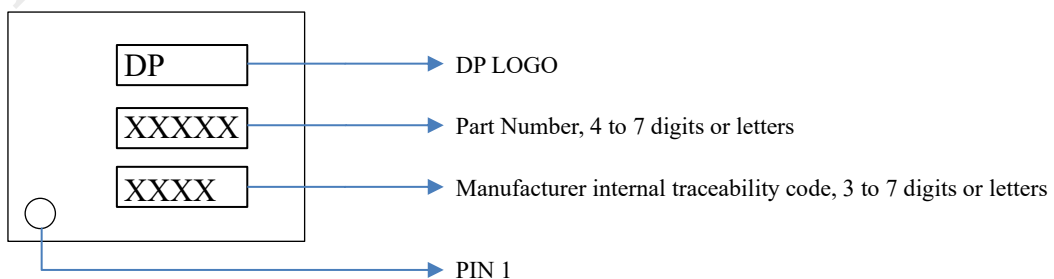
SOP8 Dimension and Mark

| SOP8 Dimension/mm | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
|-------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| A | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 |
| A1 | 0.356 | -- | 0.456 |
| A2 | -- | 1.27 | -- |
| A3 | -- | 0.345 | -- |
| B | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| B1 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| B2 | -- | 5.00 | -- |
| C | 1.3 | -- | 1.6 |
| C1 | 0.55 | -- | 0.65 |
| C2 | 0.55 | -- | 0.65 |
| C3 | 0.05 | -- | 0.20 |
| C4 | 0.203 | -- | 0.233 |
| D | -- | 1.05 | -- |
| D1 | 0.4 | -- | 0.8 |
| R1 | -- | 0.2 | -- |
| R2 | -- | 0.2 | -- |
| θ1 | | 17° | |
| θ2 | | 13° | |
| θ3 | | 0°~8° | |
| θ4 | | 4°~12° | |



TSSOP8 Dimension and Mark

| TSSOP8 Dimension/mm | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
|---------------------|------|---------|------|
| A | -- | -- | 1.1 |
| A1 | 0.05 | -- | 0.15 |
| A2 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.95 |
| A3 | 0.3 | 0.35 | 0.4 |
| b | 0.28 | -- | 0.36 |
| b1 | 0.27 | 0.30 | 0.33 |
| c | 0.15 | -- | 0.19 |
| c1 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.16 |
| D | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| E | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
| E1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
| e | | 0.65BSC | |
| L | 0.4 | -- | 0.7 |
| L1 | | 0.95REF | |
| θ | 0° | -- | 8° |





10 Package Information

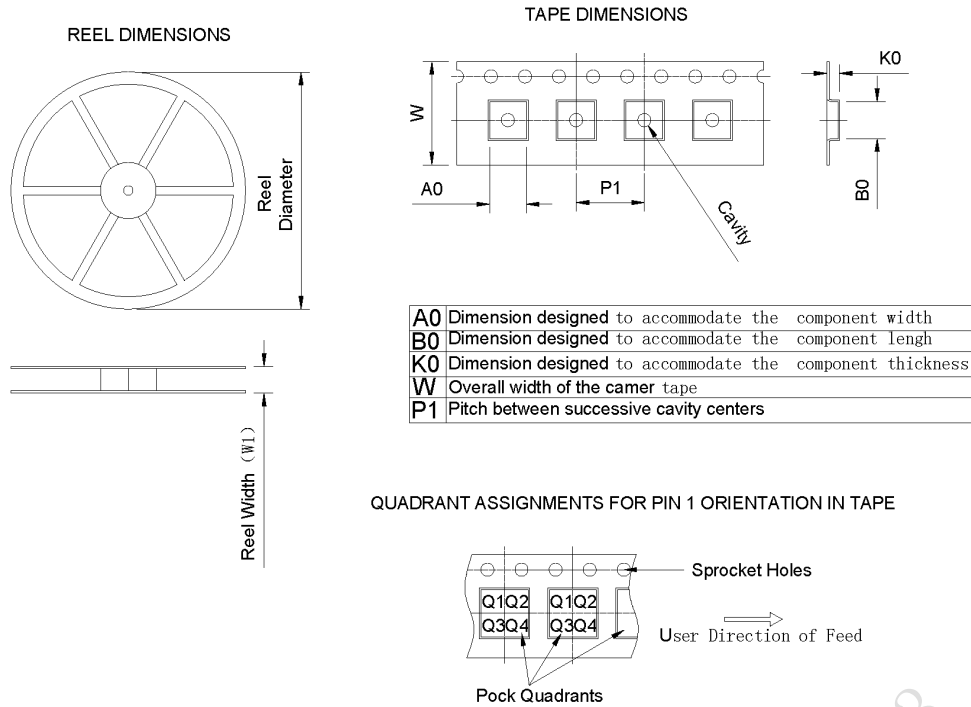


Figure 4. Package information

| Device | Package Type | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1(mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | PIN1 Quadrant |
|------------------------|--------------|------|------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|
| INS5T8563-7CEZ000N00MA | SOP8 | 8 | 3000 | 330±1 | 12.4±0.2 | 6.40 | 5.30 | 2.10 | 8.00±0.1 | 12.00±0.1 | Q1 |
| INS5T8563-7CEZ000N00LA | TSSOP8 | 8 | 3000 | 330±1 | 12.4±0.2 | 5.3±0.1 | 3.3±0.1 | 1.25±0.1 | 8.00±0.1 | 12.00±0.1 | Q1 |